Please read all the questions VERY carefully before answering. If you do not understand any question, please ask. Use the reverse side of the question paper as scratch. Use the periodic table and constant chart in the last page. No outside paper is allowed. Total points = 50+(22x3=)66=116

SHORT ANSWER. Please write the set-up equation first, then insert the raw data with units in the equation before doing your calculations. Points will be deducted if your answer is not clear.

1) Draw the Lewis structures (4 pts. each) of the following compounds and predict the	1)	
electronic geometry of the molecule (3 pts each).		

(a) H<sub>3</sub>O+

(b) NH3

2)	Calculate the number of atoms in 39.7 g of naturally occuring chlorine gas (Note the	2)	
	formula of chlorine). (6 pts.)		

3) Calculate the amount (in grams) of potassium in a 42.7 gram sample of	3)	
potassium nitrate. (10 pts.)		

5) \_\_\_\_\_

5) A gas tank is is maintained at 2.20 atm pressure. If the volume of the gas in the tank is  $3250.0 \text{ m}^3$ , at -15°C then what is the volume (in m<sup>3</sup>) of the same quantity of the gas at 31°C. (6 pts.)

6) Calculate the mass in grams of K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> needed to make 250.0 mL of a 0.5 M K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>
 6) solution (6 pts.)

6) \_\_\_\_\_

MULTIPLE CHOICE. On scantron, answer the questions starting from number 8. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question. (3 poins each)

<ul> <li>7) What is the mass percent of hydrogen in water?</li> <li>A) 88.8</li> <li>B) 11.2</li> <li>C) 33.3</li> <li>D) 5.60</li> <li>E) none of the above</li> </ul>	7)
<ul> <li>8) What is the formula mass for diboron tetrachloride?</li> <li>A) 198.89 amu</li> <li>B) 163.43 amu</li> <li>C) 127.98 amu</li> <li>D) 234.34 amu</li> <li>E) none of the above</li> </ul>	8)
9) You have 10.0 g each of Na, C, Pb, Cu and Ne. Which contains the smallest number of moles? A) Ne B) Na C) Pb D) C E) Cu	9)
<ul> <li>10) How many moles of carbon are in 3.5 moles of calcium carbonate?</li> <li>A) 7</li> <li>B) 3.5</li> <li>C) 100.09</li> <li>D) 10.5</li> <li>E) none of the above</li> </ul>	10)
<ul> <li>11) What is the value of n when the empirical formula is C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>5</sub> and the molecular mass is 205.4 g/mol<sup>2</sup></li> <li>A) 140</li> <li>B) 5</li> <li>C) 10</li> <li>D) 0.02</li> <li>E) none of the above</li> </ul>	? 11)
<ul> <li>12) Evaporation is:</li> <li>A) an endothermic process.</li> <li>B) the opposite process as condensation.</li> <li>C) a cooling process for humans when they sweat.</li> <li>D) increased by increasing temperature.</li> <li>E) all of the above</li> </ul>	12)
<ul> <li>13) What is the heat of vaporization(kJ/mol) if it takes 3,452 J of heat to completely vaporize 2.68 moles of the liquid at its boiling point?</li> <li>A) 1288</li> <li>B) 0.776</li> <li>C) 1.29</li> <li>D) 12.2</li> </ul>	5 13)

E) none of the above

<ul><li>14) Which intermolecular force increases with increasing molar mass?</li><li>A) hydrogen bonding</li><li>B) X-forces</li></ul>	14)
C) dispersion forces D) dipole-dipole forces	
E) none of the above	
15) Which molecule below has hydrogen bonding?	15)
A) HCI B) CH3CH2OH	
C) H <sub>2</sub>	
D) CH <sub>4</sub>	
E) all of the above	
<ul><li>16) If each of the following gas samples have the same temperature and pressure, which sample has the greatest volume?</li><li>A) 1 gram of O2</li></ul>	16)
B) 1 gram of H <sub>2</sub>	
C) all have the same volume	
D) 1 gram of Ar	
E) not enough information	
17) A sample of helium gas initially at 37.0°C, 785 torr and 2.00 L was heated to 58.0°C while the volume expanded to 3.24 L. What is the final pressure in atm?	17)
A) 517 B) 1.79	
C) 0.681	
D) 3.21	
E) none of the above	
<ul> <li>18) A 3.76 g sample of a noble gas is stored in a 2.00 L vessel at 874 torr and 25°C. What is the noble gas' (R= 0.0821 L atm/ mol K)</li> <li>A) He</li> </ul>	18)
B) Ne	
C) Ar	
D) Kr	
E) not enough information	
19) Which of these compounds would you expect to be <i>least</i> soluble in water? A) NaCl	19)
B) CH <sub>3</sub> OH	
C) N <sub>2</sub>	
D) NH <sub>3</sub>	

D) NH<sub>3</sub>E) not enough information

<ul> <li>20) We dissolve 2.45 g of sugar in 200.0 g water. What is the mass percent of sugar in the solution?</li> <li>A) 2.42%</li> <li>B) 1.23%</li> <li>C) 1.21%</li> <li>D) 123%</li> <li>E) none of the above</li> </ul>	20)
<ul> <li>21) What is the molarity of a solution prepared by dissolving 10.7 g Nal in 0.250 L?</li> <li>A) 0.286</li> <li>B) 42.8</li> <li>C) 2.86 × 10<sup>-4</sup></li> <li>D) 0.0714</li> <li>E) none of the above</li> </ul>	21)
TRUE/FALSE. On scantron, choose "A" for a true answer and "B" for wrong answer. (3 points each)	
22) The mole has a value of 6.023 $\times$ 10 <sup>22</sup> .	22)
23) The mass of 2.0 moles of $H_2O$ is greater than the mass of 1.0 mole of $CO_2$ .	23)
24) Pressure is calculated by: $P = \frac{Area}{Force}$ .	24)
25) Absolute zero refers to 0°C.	25)
26) The volume of a gas and the number of particles is inversely proportional.	26)
27) The minor component in a solution is called the solvent.	27)
28) Ionic solutes typically dissolve in nonpolar solvents.	28)